RUTGERS School of Criminal Justice

47:202:402 Contemporary Problems in Corrections

3 Credits Fall 2018

Course Information

Meeting times:	Tue. Fri.	08:30am- 09:50pm 08:30am- 09:50pm
Location:	Bradle	ey Hall 313 (BRD- 313)
First day of class:	09/04/	2018

Instructor Information

Instructor:	MSc Christiane Schwarz
Email:	christiane.schwarz@rutgers.edu
Office Hours:	Tue., Fri. 10-11am
Room:	579E, School of Criminal Justice, 123 Washington Street

Course Overview

B.S. Criminal Justice Learning Goals

Upon completion of the B.S. in Criminal Justice at Rutgers University-Newark, students should be able to:

- Describe the development and functions of major criminal justice institutions (e.g., police, courts, corrections, and juvenile justice), the activities of actors within these institutions, and how they relate to one another as well as the broader social, political, and economic world.
- Describe the mechanisms, correlates, theoretical underpinnings, and situational contexts of crime, criminal behavior and opportunity, and techniques for prevention and treatment.
- Apply and analyze theories related to the policies and practices of the criminal justice system and its major institutions.
- Demonstrate the ability to gather, explain, and apply empirical research in the field of criminal justice.
- Obtain a comprehensive knowledge about the process of conducting criminal justice research and develop the skills to conduct criminal justice research with appropriate methodologies.

Course Learning Goals

This course explores the impact of alternatives to incarceration, the growing prisoner rights movement, strikes by correctional employees, and public resentment toward persistently high rates of recidivism are major topics discussed in this course. In addition, the class provides for an in-depth study of issues concerning correctional education, job training, work release, and post-incarceration employment.

After completing this course, students will be able to:

- ✓ Demonstrate an understanding of the current issues faced by the United States' institutional and community corrections systems.
- ✓ Summarize current policy debates linked to corrections dilemmas from various perspectives (theory, research, and policy).
- ✓ Critically assess criminological theories used to explain corrections and punishment.
- ✓ Analyze contemporary evidence-based strategies aimed at reducing rates of incarceration and recidivism.
- ✓ Analyze the history and development of the corrections system in the United States to provide context to contemporary problems.
- ✓ Prepare and organize a presentation about a current problem in corrections
- ✓ Have an ability to participate in discussion and debate both within their own work and with other students

Course Policies and Expectations

Students are expected to arrive on time, to have read the assigned materials prior to the session in which they will be discussed, to attend class regularly. Please be courteous in the classroom (turn off cell phones, refrain from talking to others/texting, sleeping, etc.). Disruptive behaviors will not be tolerated. Repeated classroom disruptions will result in you being asked to leave the class and may ultimately affect the grade you receive. Repeated tardiness to class lectures will also be considered disruptive and may influence your final grade in the course.

Students can expect the instructor to be concerned for the educational experience of each student in the class, respectful of individual differences, encouraging of creativity, knowledgeable of and enthusiastic about the course material, prepared for class, thorough and prompt in evaluating assignments, and rigorous yet supportive in maintaining high standards for performance.

Required Readings

Students are not required to purchase any particular book. Information will be gathered from ebooks and articles that are freely accessible for Rutgers students. Main articles will always be uploaded on blackboard.

Course Structure

Week	Торіс	Reading Material

09/04; 09/07	Introduction	Cantor, N. (1936) "Conflicts in Penal Theory and Practice"		
09/04, 09/07	Explanation of class	Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology 26(3): 330-350.		
	requirements			
	Definitions	Sections of Foucault's "Discipline and Punish: The Birth the Prison"		
	Incarceration trends			
	Historical purpose of	Section of de Toqueville, A and de Beaumont, G. (1833)		
00/11	imprisonment Continue: Historical and	<i>On the Penitentiary System in the United States</i> Alexis de Toqueville and Gustave de Beaumont, <i>On the</i>		
09/11; 09/14	contemporary	Penitentiary System in the United States"		
07/14	<u>Theories of imprisonment</u>			
	Rehabilitation Theory	Cullen, Francis T. (2013) "Rehabilitation: Beyond Nothing Works" <i>Crime and Justice</i> 42 (1): 299-376.		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
09/18;	Sociological perspective of	Sykes, G. 1958/2007. The Society of Captives: A Study of a		
09/21	imprisonment Detailed discussion on Sykes'	<i>Maximum Security Prison</i> . Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press.		
	work	University riess.		
	WOIK	Rocheleau, Ann Marie (2013) "An Empirical Exploration		
		of the 'Pains of Imprisonment' and the level of Prison		
		Misconduct and Violence"		
09/25;	Mental health issues	Fazel, S., Hayes, A., Bartellas, K., Clerici, M. and		
09/28	Substance abuse	Trestman, R. (2016) "The mental health of prisoners: a		
	Group Presentation: Mental	review of prevalence, adverse outcomes and interventions" <i>Lancet Psychiatry</i> 3 (9): 871-881.		
	health issues	Luncer 1 sychuary 5(9). 871-881.		
	Group Presentation: Substance	Fallin, G., Wexler, H. and Lipton, D. (1992), Treating Drug		
	abuse	Problems: Volume 2: Commissioned Papers on Historical,		
		Institutional, and Economic Contexts of Drug treatment, Institute of Medicine (US) Committee for the Substance		
		Institute of Medicine (US) Committee for the Substance Abuse Coverage Study; Gerstein DR, Harwood HJ, editors.		
		Abuse Coverage Study; Gerstein DR, Harwood HJ, editors.		
10/00				
10/02; 10/05	Educational and Rehabilitative programs in prisons	Davis, L. M., Bozick, R., Steele, J., Saunders, J., & Miles, J. N. (2013)."Evaluating the effectiveness of correctional		
10/05	programs in prisons	education- A meta-analysis of programs that provide		
	Group- Presentation: Prison	education to incarcerated adults" Rand Cooperation.		
	programs	Ĩ		
		Castellano, T.C. & Soderstrom, I.R. (1997) "Self-esteem,		
		depression, and anxiety evidenced by a prison inmate		
		sample: Interrelationships and consequences for prison		
		programming" <i>The Prison Journal</i> 77 (3): 259-281.		
		Vacan IS (2004) "Educated principars are less likely to		
		Vacca, J.S. (2004) "Educated prisoners are less likely to return to prison" <i>Journal of Correctional Education</i> 55 (4):		
		297-305.		
		Vannoy, S.D. & Hoyt, W.T. (2004)" Evaluation of an anger		
		therapy intervention for incarcerated adult males" Journal		
		of Offender Rehabilitation 39(2): 39-57.		

10/09; 10/12	 <u>Physical harm within corrections</u> Gang violence staff-inmate violence Rape behind walls <u>Portrayal of prisons/jails in media</u> <u>Group- Presentation: Violence</u> behind bars Group-Presentation: Media Portrayal of prisons 	 Bowker, L. H. (1983) "An Essay on Prison Violence" <i>Prison Journal</i> 63: 24-31. Wolff, N. and Shi, J. (2010) "Contextualization of Physical and Sexual Assault in Male Prisons: Incidents and Their Aftermath" <i>Journal of Correctional Health Care</i> 15(1): 58- 82. Sections of Mason, P. (2013) <i>Captured by the media</i>. Available as ebook for Rutgers Students Blakely, C., Bumphus, V. (2005) "The Print media's
10/16; 10/19	The impact of prison architecture and design on prisoners Overcrowding Solitary confinement Lock-downGroup- Presentation: Impact of architecture on prisoners	 portrayal of the private prison" <i>Probation Journal</i> 52(1): 69-75. Jewkes, Y. (2018) "Just design: Healthy prisons and the architecture of hope" <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Criminology</i>: 1-20. Cloud, D. H., Drucker, E. Browne, A. and Parsons, J. (2015) "Public Health and Solitary Confinement in the United States" <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> 105(1):18-26.
		Wootton, A. (2016) "AB 109 and its impact on prison overcrowding and Recidivism: A policy Analysis" <i>Research Journal of Justice Studies and Forensic Science</i> 4(6). Available at: http://scholarworks.sjsu.edu/themis/vol4/iss1/6
10/23; 10/26	Race, Ethnicity in Prisons Gender and Sexuality in Prison Theories on masculinity and feminist work on prisonersGroup Presentation: Race and imprisonment Group Presentation: Gender and Imprisonment Group Presentation: Sexuality in Prisons	 Wacquant "Class, race and hyper-incarceration in revanchist America" Duwe, G. and Clark, V. (2015) "Importance of Program Integrity" <i>Criminology and Public Policy</i> 14(2): 301- 328. Pardue, A., Arrigo, B. A. and Murphy, D. S. (2011) "Sex and Sexuality in Women's Prisons: A Preliminary Typological Investigation" <i>The Prison Journal</i> 91(3): 279-304.
10/30; 11/02	Juveniles in Prison Working in Corrections Correctional Officers PTSD and burnout Female officersGroup Presentation: Juveniles in correctional facilities Group Presentation: Working in corrections	Anticipated guest speaker Fortune, C. (2017) "The Good Lives Model: A strength- based approach for youth offenders" Aggression and violent behavior, 38: 21-30. Weichselbaum, S. (2017) "For Corrections Officers and Cops, a New Emphasis on Mental Health" The Marshall Project, Available at: https://www.themarshallproject.org/2017/06/14/for- corrections-officers-and-cops-a-new-emphasis-on-mental-
11/06; 11/09	Family connections	<u>health</u> Comfort, M. (2007) "Punishment Beyond the legal offender"

	Pain of imprisonment extended to family members and close people to those incarcerated Prison visitation	Tewksbury, R. and DeMichele, M. (2005) "Going to Prison: A Prison Visitation Program" <i>The Prison Journal</i> 85(3) Christian, J. (2005) "Riding the Bus: Barriers to Prison	
	Group Presentation: Prison visitation	Visitation and Family Management Strategies" <i>Journal of</i> <i>Contemporary Criminal Justice</i> 21 (1): 31-48.	
11/13; 11/16	Community CorrectionsAndrew, D., Hardcastle, L. and Birgden, A. (20)Group Presentation: Community CorrectionsAndrew, D., Hardcastle, L. and Birgden, A. (20)Group Presentation: Community CorrectionsAndrew, D., Hardcastle, L. and Birgden, A. (20)Group Presentation: Community CorrectionsAndrew, D., Hardcastle, L. and Birgden, A. (20)		
		Assessing Evidence Based Practices in Community Corrections	
		Phelps, M. S. (2013) "The Paradox of Probation: Community Supervision in the Age of Mass Incarceration" <i>Law Policy</i> 35 (1-2): 51-80.	
Thanksgiving	No class		
11/27; 11/30	Returning home "Pains after incarceration"	Petersilia, J. When Prisoners Come Home Becket, K. and Kelly, S. Banished pp. 3-17	
	Group Presentation: Pains after imprisonment	National Inventory of the collateral consequences of Conviction, Available at: <u>https://niccc.csgjusticecenter.org</u>	
12/04; 12/07	<u>De-incarceration:</u> Rise of risk assessment tools Transitioning houses	Martin, W. G. (2016) "Decarceration and justice disinvestment: Evidence from New York State" <i>Punishment and Society</i> 18(4): 479-504.	
		Bonta, J. and Andrews, D. A. "Risk-Need-Responsivity Model for Offender Assessment and Rehabilitation"	
12/11	Continue: Re-offending, recidivism		
12/14	Final class: Questions regarding final paper		
12/21	Final Paper due		

Course Assessment and Grading

The final grade will be assessed based upon your performance on the following:

10 Points	Attendance and Participation
15 Points	Group Presentation
25 Points	Portfolio on Group Presentation
50 Points	Final Paper
100 Points	TOTAL

Grading Scale

90-100 =	А	80-85.5 =	В
86-89.5=	B+	76-79.5=	C+

70-75.5= C < 65.5 = F 66-69.5 = D

Attendance and Participation

You are expected to actively engage in class discussion by asking and answering questions. Therefore, it is important that you do the readings, prepare questions ahead of time, and think critically. Attendance is mandatory: Attendance will be taken at the beginning or at the end of every class. A maximum of two unexcused absences will be allowed. Five points will be deducted from your overall participation grade for each missed class that has not been approved by me (request such approval before class by email). If you consistently leave class early, come-in late, or fall sleep, it will be duly noted and it will also affect your grade. If you are unable to attend a class, please contact another student for their notes on the material that you missed.

Group Presentation

Groups of 3 to 4 students will work together to prepare a power-point presentation on a current issue in corrections. Within the first week of class in September, students will either choose or be assigned to a particular presentation topic. Students are scheduled to present depending on their topic (see above). Presentation shall be 15-20 minutes long; each presenting student <u>must</u> speak for approximate five minutes. One member of the group needs to send presentation slides to the instructor the day before presentation. Students are marked as a group (all participating students receive the same points), testing teamwork, organization and time management skills. Students can choose from the following topics:

- 1. Impact of architecture on prisoners
- 2. Educational and Rehabilitative programs in correctional facilities
- 3. Prison programs
- 4. Violence behind bars
- 5. Media Portrayal of prisons
- 6. Mental health issues
- 7. Substance abuse

- 8. Race and imprisonment
- 9. Gender and Imprisonment
- 10. Sexuality in Prisons
- 11. Juveniles in correctional facilities
- 12. Working in corrections
- 13. Prison visitation
- 14. Community Corrections
- 15. Pains after Imprisonment

Portfolio

Students need to submit a five to seven-page, double-spaced portfolio within 7 days after presentation. The portfolio is a written submission based on <u>individual</u> effort. This means that students will not be graded as a group but each student receives an individual grade. A portfolio is a reflective account of your presentation. This assignment should include the following:

Topic: Why did you choose this particular presentation topic?

The research process: what you did, how you organised your research, what sources you have reviewed, how you divided the work, any meetings/discussion, how you made decisions about the structure of the presentation and about the use/inclusion of various pieces/types of material; any difficulties in information search, structuring and organising your presentation, using theory, empirical data etc.

Literature review: summarize the main points of your group- presentation Comments/observations: what you have learned from this process Reference list: use one system consistently; all in-text references should be included in your bibliography PPT slides: Include your presentation slides as an appendix to your portfolio

Language: reflexive (using "I" or "we" is accepted)

Final Paper

You are required to write one essay selected from three titles handed out in the second week of class. The assignment should be at least 2,500 words long and not longer than 3,500 words. Essays need to be submitted via Blackboard no later than 1pm on December 21st, 2018.

On the front page include:

- ✓ Your Name
- ✓ A word count (not including the reference list)
- ✓ Assignment question

Word process your essay:

- \checkmark Set the text at double spaced
- ✓ Format paragraphs clearly, leaving a space after each paragraph
- \checkmark Number the pages

Include a correctly set out reference list.

Late or Missing Assignment Policy

Late assignments will not be accepted unless the student has given prior notification and approval has been granted by the instructor.

Extra Credit Policy

There will be no extra credit opportunities in this class. Plan accordingly by attending class, participating, and doing homework assignments and exams so that they reflect the final grade you hope to achieve.

Plagiarism

Plagiarism is using the work of others as if it were your own. All written work must be your own work. You must not copy from other students, or from the published (or unpublished) work of others. Whenever you make use of books, articles, internet or other source material, you must make this clear by the appropriate use of references and, where a passage is cited word for word, by the use of quotation marks. Plagiarism is a serious offence and is regarded in the same light as cheating in examinations. It is likely to result in failure and a mark of 0 for the whole class, and can lead to disciplinary action.

Feedback on written drafts

Feedback **cannot** be given on drafts of summative work. However, students are encouraged to meet with class instructor and in her Drop in Office hours to discuss and get advice on the work that they are doing on their written assignment.

Course Policies

Classroom Rules

There will be a strict no mobile phone policy during class sessions. If required, students may leave the classroom to receive or make important phone calls.

Academic Integrity

As a member of the Rutgers University community you are not to engage in any academic dishonesty. You are responsible for adhering to basic academic standards of honesty and integrity as outlined in the Rutgers University Policy on Academic Integrity for Undergraduate and Graduate Students <u>http://studentconduct.rutgers.edu/academic-integrity</u>

Your academic work should be the result of your own individual effort, you should not allow other students to use your work, and you are required to recognize and reference any material that is not your own. Violations of the university's policy will result in appropriate action.

Academic Resources

Students with Disabilities

Rutgers University is committed to providing equal educational opportunity for persons with disabilities in accordance with the Nondiscrimination Policy of the University and in compliance with § 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. For additional information please visit the website https://ods.rutgers.edu/ or contact the representative for the Newark Campus.

Allen Sheffield Director of ADA Services and Academic Support Robeson Campus Center, Suite 352 350 Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard

Newark, NJ 07102 Phone: 973.353.5300 Fax: 973.353.5666 E-mail: kate.torres@rutgers.edu Website: https://ods.rutgers.edu/

Psychological and Counseling Services

If you experience psychological or other difficulties as a result of this course, or because of other issues that may interfere with your performance in the course, please contact the university's psychological and counseling service center (http://www.counseling.newark.rutgers.edu; 973-353-5805), which is located in Blumenthal Hall, room 101. The center offers a variety of free, confidential services to part-time and full-time students who are enrolled at Rutgers.

If you are interested in finding out more about

- Accelerated Master's Program (B.S. /M.A.)
- Criminal Justice National Honor Society (Alpha Phi Sigma)

Please refer to the School of Criminal Justice website http://rscj.newark.rutgers.edu/